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10/598,884	09/14/2006	Grzegorz Olesch	KALU-00101-NUS	1729
33794 MATTHIAS SO	7590 10/28/201 CHOLL	EXAMINER		
14781 MEMOR	RIAL DRIVE	SMITH, MATTHEW J		
SUITE 1319 HOUSTON, TX 77079			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3635	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/28/2010	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/598,884	OLESCH, GRZEGORZ		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Matthew J. Smith	3635		
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with	n the correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the maili earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC, 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reput d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT ate, cause the application to become ABA	ATION. Only be timely filed HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
1) ■ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 (accessed on the properties of the properties o</u>	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matte			
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 2-61 is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 29-61 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/ Application Papers	awn from consideration. /or election requirement.			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	ecepted or b) objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyand ection is required if the drawing(s	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		mmary (PTO-413)		
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date		/Mail Date ormal Patent Application -·		

The 2 October 2010 After final amendment has not been entered.

The 22 July 2010 Final rejection has been withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 29, 30, 35, 39-41, 43-47, 50-52, and 56-61 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bigelow (4327529) in view of Bolt (3103709).

Bigelow discloses a transportable modular building and method of constructing, comprising: making a foundation 32 at a building site; producing, in a factory, a service module 58 of a frame construction which enables a container transportation and provided with appropriate building installations; producing, in a factory, away from the building site, horizontal segments 23; a vertical segment 57 of a frame construction; transporting the service module 58, the horizontal 41, and vertical segments 37 to the building site by means of a vehicle apt to container transportation; attaching the service modules on the foundation 32 of the building; attaching an appropriate number of

horizontal segments 23 on the foundation and connecting them with the service module 58 at the service module bottom plate level; attaching vertical segments 57 to the horizontal segments; attaching horizontal segments to the vertical segments and to the service module at the level of the service module top plate; the horizontal segments attached to the service module perpendicularly to the longitudinal axis; window openings; and rafter framing.

This reference does not disclose module height substantially corresponds to half of its length, horizontal segments of a frame construction having a width substantially corresponding to the height of the service module and a length substantially corresponding to the length of the service module, vertical segment of a frame construction having the height substantially corresponding to the height of the service module and the length substantially corresponding to the length of the service module, during transportation the horizontal and/or vertical segments of the building are stacked and temporarily connected together to form a block having length and width corresponding to length and width of a standardized container, vertical assembly posts of a square cross-section and the width substantially corresponding to the thickness of the vertical segment placed between neighboring vertical segments, or the number of segments.

Bolt presents a module of a size for container transportation (col. 2, lines 9-10) having a height substantially corresponding to half of the module length (col. 2, line 34-35); horizontal segments 15 of a frame construction having a width substantially corresponding to the module height and a length substantially corresponding to the

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module length; vertical segment of a frame construction having the height substantially corresponding to the module height and the length substantially corresponding to the module length; during transportation, the horizontal and vertical segments of the building stacked and temporarily connected together to form a block having length and width corresponding to length and width of a standardized container (col. 1, lines 17-23); vertical assembly posts 17, 18 of a square cross-section and the width substantially corresponding to the thickness of the vertical segment placed between neighboring vertical segments.

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to fabricate the Bigelow segments in the dimensions presented by Bolt in order to fit the segments into a transportable container.

It would have been further obvious to select eight segments since the number of segments is not deemed critical. One of ordinary skill in the art would use as many panels as necessary to make the size of building they desired. The more panels you use the larger the building. Thus, the specific number of panels used is not critical to the invention but a matter of obvious design choice.

Claims 31, 32, 36-38, 42, 48, 49, 54, and 55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bigelow in view of Bolt as applied in claims 29 and 43, respectively, above and further in view of Gregory.

The combination discloses the invention substantially as claimed but not connecting at least two service modules parallel, one on another, a service module being the container's length and width, or aligning service modules end to end.

Gregory shows a modular building with a service module 10; different floor plans; and suggests a second story, Fig. 8.

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to connect two service modules parallel and/or one on top of another since Gregory suggests a second story and to add a service module would have been obvious.

It would have been further obvious to align service modules end to end since

Gregory suggest several floor plans and service modules placed end to end would have
been consistent with Gregory.

Claim 53 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bigelow in view of Bolt as applied to claim 44 above, and further in view of Smith (3462891).

The combination discloses the invention substantially as claimed but not the segments being the same dimensions.

Smith describes a modular building having segments 34, 35 being the same dimensions.

It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to fabricate the Bigelow segments being the same dimensions, as described by Smith, since it is well known.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 2 October 2010 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Upon further review, the exact number of segments is not considered a vital limitation to the claimed invention.

The examiner apologizes for not advancing prosecution and has no suggestions on patentable subject matter.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Matthew J. Smith whose telephone number is (571) 272-7034. The examiner can normally be reached on T-Th, 8-3.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian E. Glessner can be reached on 571-272-6754. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Brian E. Glessner/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3633

/M. J. S./ Examiner, Art Unit 3635 14 October 2010